

# 74AUP1G126

Low-power buffer/line driver; 3-state

Rev. 4 — 24 November 2011

Product data sheet

## 1. General description

The 74AUP1G126 provides a single non-inverting buffer/line driver with 3-state output. The 3-state output is controlled by the output enable input (OE). A LOW level at pin OE causes the output to assume a high-impedance OFF-state. This device has the input-disable feature, which allows floating input signals. The inputs are disabled when the output enable input OE is LOW.

Schmitt-trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant to slower input rise and fall times across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V. This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using  $I_{OFF}$ . The  $I_{OFF}$  circuitry disables the output, preventing a damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

## 2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - ◆ JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-B (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
  - ◆ HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
  - ◆ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - ◆ CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Low static power consumption;  $I_{CC} = 0.9 \mu A$  (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of  $V_{CC}$
- Input-disable feature allows floating input conditions
- $I_{OFF}$  circuitry provides partial power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C



### 3. Ordering information

**Table 1. Ordering information**

Type number	Package	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74AUP1G126GW	–40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP5		plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm	SOT353-1
74AUP1G126GM	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6		plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm	SOT886
74AUP1G126GF	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6		plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1 × 0.5 mm	SOT891
74AUP1G126GN	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6		extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 0.9 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1115
74AUP1G126GS	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6		extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1.0 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1202

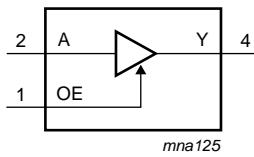
### 4. Marking

**Table 2. Marking**

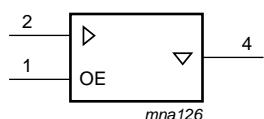
Type number	Marking code <sup>[1]</sup>
74AUP1G126GW	pN
74AUP1G126GM	pN
74AUP1G126GF	pN
74AUP1G126GN	pN
74AUP1G126GS	pN

[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

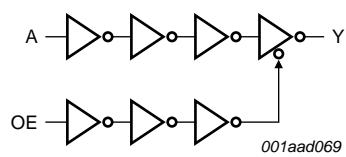
### 5. Functional diagram



**Fig 1. Logic symbol**



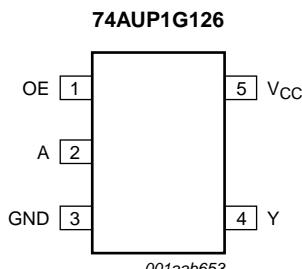
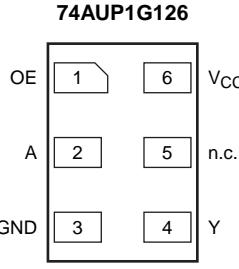
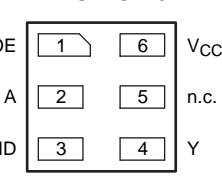
**Fig 2. IEC logic symbol**



**Fig 3. Logic diagram**

## 6. Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning

 <p><b>74AUP1G126</b></p> <p>OE [1]      V<sub>CC</sub> [5]      A [2]      GND [3]      Y [4]</p> <p>001aab653</p>	<p><b>74AUP1G126</b></p>  <p>OE [1]      V<sub>CC</sub> [5]      A [2]      n.c. [6]      GND [3]      Y [4]</p> <p>001aab654 Transparent top view</p>	<p><b>74AUP1G126</b></p>  <p>OE [1]      V<sub>CC</sub> [5]      A [2]      n.c. [6]      GND [3]      Y [4]</p> <p>001aaaf015 Transparent top view</p>
<b>Fig 4. Pin configuration SOT353-1</b>	<b>Fig 5. Pin configuration SOT886</b>	<b>Fig 6. Pin configuration SOT891, SOT1115 and SOT1202</b>

### 6.2 Pin description

**Table 3. Pin description**

Symbol	Pin		Description
	TSSOP5	XSON6	
OE	1	1	output enable input
A	2	2	data input
GND	3	3	ground (0 V)
Y	4	4	data output
n.c.	-	5	not connected
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	6	supply voltage

## 7. Functional description

**Table 4. Function table<sup>[1]</sup>**

Input		Output
OE	A	Y
H	L	L
H	H	H
L	X	Z

- [1] H = HIGH voltage level;
- L = LOW voltage level;
- X = Don't care;
- Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

## 8. Limiting values

**Table 5. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V	-50	-	mA
V <sub>I</sub>	input voltage		[1] -0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V	-0.5	-	mA
V <sub>O</sub>	output voltage	Active mode	[1] -0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
		Power-down mode	[1] -0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>	-	±20	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current		-	+50	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current		-50	-	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C	[2] -	250	mW

[1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] For TSSOP5 packages: above 87.5 °C the value of P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K.

For XSON6 packages: above 118 °C the value of P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 6. Recommended operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
V <sub>I</sub>	input voltage		0	3.6	V
V <sub>O</sub>	output voltage	Active mode	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		Power-down mode; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	0	3.6	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	0	200	ns/V

## 10. Static characteristics

**Table 7. Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C</b>						
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = -20 µA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	1.11	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.32	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	2.05	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.9	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.72	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.6	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = 20 µA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.44	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.31	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	µA
	OFF-state output current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	µA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	-	-	±0.2	µA
ΔI <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.2	µA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	µA

**Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$\Delta I_{CC}$	additional supply current	data input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$ ; $I_O = 0 \text{ A}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	[1]	-	-	$\mu\text{A}$
		OE input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$ ; $I_O = 0 \text{ A}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	[1]	-	110	$\mu\text{A}$
		all inputs; $V_I = \text{GND}$ to 3.6 V; OE = GND; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	[2]	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
$C_I$	input capacitance	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V; $V_I = \text{GND}$ or $V_{CC}$	-	0.9	-	pF
$C_O$	output capacitance	output enabled; $V_O = \text{GND}$ ; $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	1.7	-	pF
		output disabled; $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V; $V_O = \text{GND}$ or $V_{CC}$	-	1.5	-	pF

 **$T_{amb} = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$** 

$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	$0.70 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V}$ to 1.95 V	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.30 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V}$ to 1.95 V	-	-	$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = -20 \mu\text{A}$ ; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	$V_{CC} - 0.1$	-	-	V
		$I_O = -1.1 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_O = -1.7 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	1.03	-	-	V
		$I_O = -1.9 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.30	-	-	V
		$I_O = -2.3 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.97	-	-	V
		$I_O = -3.1 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.85	-	-	V
		$I_O = -2.7 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.67	-	-	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$I_O = -4.0 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.55	-	-	V
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = 20 \mu\text{A}$ ; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 1.1 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$I_O = 1.7 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.37	V
		$I_O = 1.9 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.35	V
		$I_O = 2.3 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.33	V
		$I_O = 3.1 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.45	V
$I_I$	input leakage current	$I_O = 2.7 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.33	V
		$I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.45	V
$I_{OZ}$	OFF-state output current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $V_O = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	-	-	$\pm 0.5$	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_I$ or $V_O = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	$\pm 0.5$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OFF}$	power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	$\pm 0.5$	$\mu\text{A}$

**Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	additional power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	$\pm 0.6$	$\mu A$
$I_{CC}$	supply current	$V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	$\mu A$
$\Delta I_{CC}$	additional supply current	data input; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ - 0.6 V; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V	[1]	-	50	$\mu A$
		OE input; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ - 0.6 V; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V	[1]	-	120	$\mu A$
		all inputs; $V_I$ = GND to 3.6 V; OE = GND; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	[2]	-	1	$\mu A$

**T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C**

$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	$0.70 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V	-	-	$0.25 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	$0.30 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O$ = -20 $\mu A$ ; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	$V_{CC} - 0.11$	-	-	V
		$I_O$ = -1.1 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 1.1 V	$0.6 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_O$ = -1.7 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V	0.93	-	-	V
		$I_O$ = -1.9 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V	1.17	-	-	V
		$I_O$ = -2.3 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V	1.77	-	-	V
		$I_O$ = -3.1 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V	1.67	-	-	V
		$I_O$ = -2.7 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V	2.40	-	-	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$I_O$ = -4.0 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V	2.30	-	-	V
		$V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O$ = 20 $\mu A$ ; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.11	V
		$I_O$ = 1.1 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.33 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$I_O$ = 1.7 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V	-	-	0.41	V
		$I_O$ = 1.9 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V	-	-	0.39	V
		$I_O$ = 2.3 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V	-	-	0.36	V
		$I_O$ = 3.1 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V	-	-	0.50	V
$I_I$	input leakage current	$I_O$ = 2.7 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.36	V
		$I_O$ = 4.0 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.50	V
$I_{OZ}$	OFF-state output current	$V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $V_O$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	$\pm 0.75$	$\mu A$
$I_{OFF}$	power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V	-	-	$\pm 0.75$	$\mu A$

**Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	additional power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	$\pm 0.75$	$\mu A$
$I_{CC}$	supply current	$V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	$\mu A$
$\Delta I_{CC}$	additional supply current	data input; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ – 0.6 V; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V	[1]	-	75	$\mu A$
		OE input; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ – 0.6 V; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V	[1]	-	180	$\mu A$
		all inputs; $V_I$ = GND to 3.6 V; OE = GND; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	[2]	-	1	$\mu A$

[1] One input at  $V_{CC}$  – 0.6 V, other input at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.[2] To show  $I_{CC}$  remains very low when the input-disable feature is enabled.

## 11. Dynamic characteristics

**Table 8. Dynamic characteristics**Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	[1]	Max	Unit
$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C; C_L = 5 \text{ pF}$							
$t_{pd}$	propagation delay	A to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[2]				
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	20.6	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	2.8	5.5	10.5	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	2.2	3.9	6.1	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	1.9	3.2	4.8	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.6	2.6	3.6	ns	
$t_{en}$	enable time	OE to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[3]				
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	71.6	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	2.8	6.2	12.4	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	2.3	4.2	6.9	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	1.9	3.3	5.3	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.5	2.4	3.6	ns	
$t_{dis}$	disable time	OE to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[4]				
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	10.3	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	2.6	4.2	6.2	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	2.1	3.2	4.4	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.1	3.1	4.4	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.7	2.4	3.2	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.1	2.8	3.6	ns	

**Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continued**Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ [1]	Max	Unit
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C; C<sub>L</sub> = 10 pF</b>						
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[2]			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	24.0	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.2	6.4	12.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.1	4.5	7.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.9	3.8	5.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.1	3.2	4.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.8	3.0	3.8	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[3]			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	75.3	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.2	7.1	14.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.2	4.8	8.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.8	3.9	5.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.5	2.9	4.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.4	2.6	3.6	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[4]			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	12.2	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.5	5.3	7.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.2	4.1	5.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.4	4.2	5.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.9	3.2	4.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.4	4.1	5.0	ns
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C; C<sub>L</sub> = 15 pF</b>						
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[2]			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	27.4	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.6	7.2	14.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.0	5.1	8.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.2	4.3	6.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.0	3.7	4.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	3.5	4.4	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[3]			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	79.2	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.6	7.8	15.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.0	5.4	8.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.1	4.3	6.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.8	3.4	4.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.6	3.1	4.3	ns

**Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continued**Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ [1]	Max	Unit
$t_{dis}$	disable time	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a> [4]				
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	14.9	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	4.3	6.4	8.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	3.0	5.0	6.6	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	3.1	5.4	6.6	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	2.4	4.0	5.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	3.2	5.3	6.2	ns
<b><math>T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}; C_L = 30 \text{ pF}</math></b>						
$t_{pd}$	propagation delay	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> [2]				
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	37.4	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	4.8	9.5	18.7	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	4.0	6.7	10.8	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.9	5.6	8.4	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	2.7	4.8	6.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.7	4.6	5.8	ns
$t_{en}$	enable time	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a> [3]				
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	90.6	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	4.7	10.0	20.4	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	3.0	6.9	11.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.6	5.6	8.6	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	2.3	4.5	6.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.2	4.2	5.8	ns
$t_{dis}$	disable time	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a> [4]				
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	51.6	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	6.0	9.8	13.6	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	4.5	7.7	10.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	5.2	8.8	11.4	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	3.9	6.4	7.4	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	5.5	9.0	10.7	ns

**Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continued**Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ [1]	Max	Unit
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C</b>						
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance	f = 1 MHz; V <sub>I</sub> = GND to V <sub>CC</sub> output enabled	[5]			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	2.7	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	2.8	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	2.9	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	3.0	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	3.6	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	4.2	-	pF

[1] All typical values are measured at nominal V<sub>CC</sub>.[2] t<sub>pd</sub> is the same as t<sub>PLH</sub> and t<sub>PHL</sub>.[3] t<sub>en</sub> is the same as t<sub>PZH</sub> and t<sub>PZL</sub>.[4] t<sub>dis</sub> is the same as t<sub>PHZ</sub> and t<sub>PLZ</sub>.[5] C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \sum(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$$

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;f<sub>o</sub> = output frequency in MHz;C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF;V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\sum(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.**Table 9. Dynamic characteristics**Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	−40 °C to +85 °C		−40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
<b>C<sub>L</sub> = 5 pF</b>							
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[1]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.5	11.7	2.5	12.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.0	7.3	2.0	8.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.7	6.1	1.7	6.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.4	4.3	1.4	4.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.2	3.9	1.2	4.4	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[2]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.6	13.6	2.6	13.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.2	7.4	2.2	7.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.7	5.9	1.7	6.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.4	3.8	1.4	4.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.2	3.2	1.2	3.4	ns

**Table 9. Dynamic characteristics ...continued**Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#)

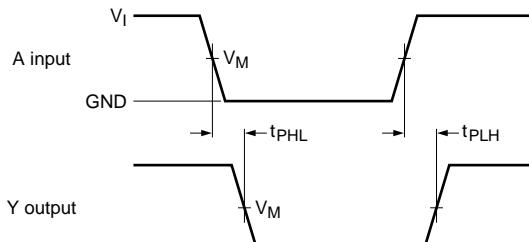
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	−40 °C to +85 °C		−40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{dis}$	disable time	OE to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[3]		[3]		ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1\text{ V to }1.3\text{ V}$	2.9	6.4	2.9	6.5	
		$V_{CC} = 1.4\text{ V to }1.6\text{ V}$	2.2	4.6	2.2	4.7	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	1.7	4.6	1.7	4.8	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	1.4	3.4	1.4	3.6	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	1.2	3.7	1.2	3.8	
<b><math>C_L = 10\text{ pF}</math></b>							
$t_{pd}$	propagation delay	A to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[1]		[1]		ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1\text{ V to }1.3\text{ V}$	3.0	13.8	3.0	15.2	
		$V_{CC} = 1.4\text{ V to }1.6\text{ V}$	1.9	8.5	1.9	9.4	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	1.7	6.8	1.7	7.6	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	1.6	5.3	1.6	5.9	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	1.6	4.6	1.6	5.2	
$t_{en}$	enable time	OE to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[2]		[2]		ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1\text{ V to }1.3\text{ V}$	3.0	15.4	3.0	15.4	
		$V_{CC} = 1.4\text{ V to }1.6\text{ V}$	2.1	8.3	2.1	8.6	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	1.7	6.5	1.7	6.8	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	1.4	4.5	1.4	4.8	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	1.3	3.8	1.3	4.0	
$t_{dis}$	disable time	OE to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[3]		[3]		ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1\text{ V to }1.3\text{ V}$	3.3	7.9	3.3	7.9	
		$V_{CC} = 1.4\text{ V to }1.6\text{ V}$	2.1	5.7	2.1	5.9	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	1.7	5.8	1.7	6.0	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	1.4	4.3	1.4	4.5	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	1.3	5.2	1.3	5.3	
<b><math>C_L = 15\text{ pF}</math></b>							
$t_{pd}$	propagation delay	A to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[1]		[1]		ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1\text{ V to }1.3\text{ V}$	3.3	15.8	3.3	17.5	
		$V_{CC} = 1.4\text{ V to }1.6\text{ V}$	2.5	9.8	2.5	10.9	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	2.0	7.9	2.0	8.8	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	1.8	6.0	1.8	6.7	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	1.8	5.4	1.8	6.1	
$t_{en}$	enable time	OE to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[2]		[2]		ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1\text{ V to }1.3\text{ V}$	3.3	17.1	3.3	17.1	
		$V_{CC} = 1.4\text{ V to }1.6\text{ V}$	2.9	9.4	2.9	9.7	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	2.0	7.3	2.0	7.7	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	1.7	5.2	1.7	5.6	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	1.5	4.5	1.5	4.7	

**Table 9. Dynamic characteristics ...continued**Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	−40 °C to +85 °C		−40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{dis}$	disable time	OE to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[3]				
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	3.7	9.3	3.7	9.4	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	2.5	6.9	2.5	7.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.0	7.4	2.0	7.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.7	5.1	1.7	5.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	1.5	6.7	1.5	6.9	ns
<b><math>C_L = 30 \text{ pF}</math></b>							
$t_{pd}$	propagation delay	A to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[1]				
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	4.4	21.4	4.4	24.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	3.0	13.0	3.0	14.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.6	10.3	2.6	11.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	2.5	7.8	2.5	8.7	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.5	7.0	2.5	8.3	ns
$t_{en}$	enable time	OE to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[2]				
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	4.3	22.0	4.3	22.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	3.7	12.0	3.7	12.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	3.2	9.5	3.2	10.1	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	2.9	6.8	2.9	7.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.7	6.4	2.7	6.7	ns
$t_{dis}$	disable time	OE to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>	[3]				
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	4.7	14.3	4.7	14.4	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	3.0	10.7	3.0	11.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.6	11.5	2.6	11.6	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	2.3	9.0	2.3	10.2	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.2	10.8	2.2	12.0	ns

[1]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ .[2]  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZH}$  and  $t_{PZL}$ .[3]  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PHZ}$  and  $t_{PLZ}$ .

## 12. Waveforms



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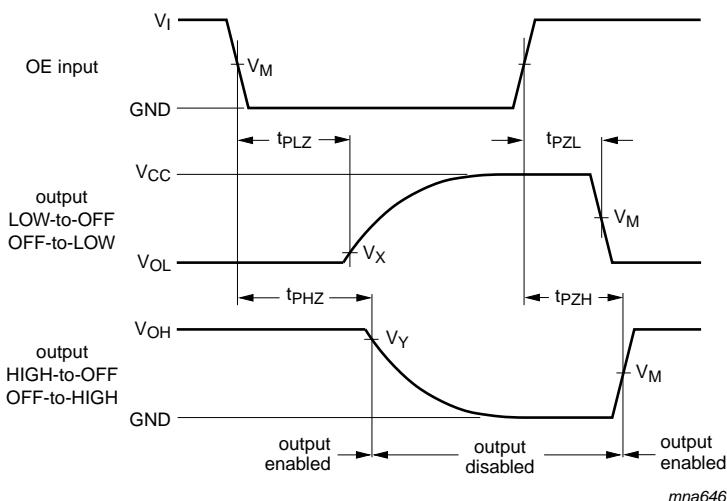
Measurement points are given in [Table 10](#).

Logic levels:  $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  are typical output voltage drops that occur with the output load.

**Fig 7. The data input (A) to output (Y) propagation delays**

**Table 10. Measurement points**

Supply voltage	Output	Input		
$V_{CC}$	$V_M$	$V_M$	$V_I$	$t_r = t_f$
0.8 V to 3.6 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 3.0 \text{ ns}$



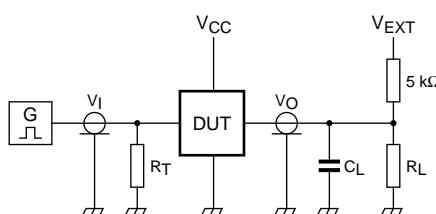
Measurement points are given in [Table 11](#).

Logic levels:  $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  are typical output voltage drops that occur with the output load.

**Fig 8. Enable and disable times**

**Table 11. Measurement points**

Supply voltage	Input	Output		
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>X</sub>	V <sub>Y</sub>
0.8 V to 1.6 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.1 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.1 V
1.65 V to 2.7 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.15 V
3.0 V to 3.6 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.3 V



Test data is given in [Table 12](#).

Definitions for test circuit:

R<sub>L</sub> = Load resistance.

C<sub>L</sub> = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

R<sub>T</sub> = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z<sub>o</sub> of the pulse generator.

V<sub>EXT</sub> = External voltage for measuring switching times.

**Fig 9. Load circuitry for switching times****Table 12. Test data**

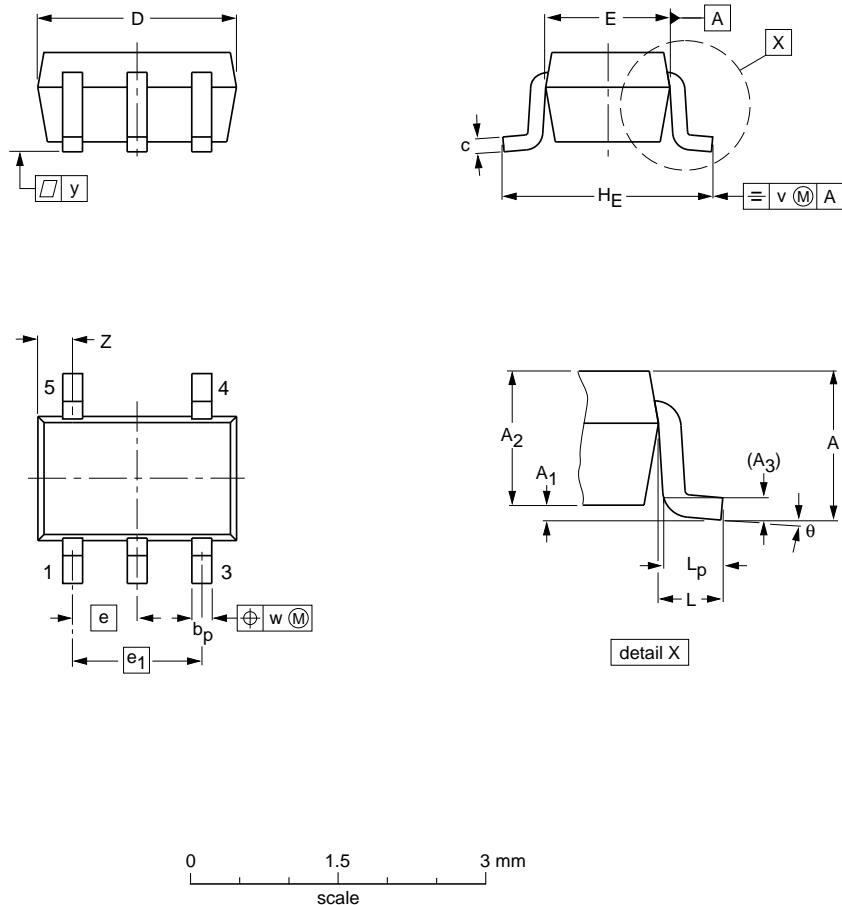
Supply voltage	Load	V <sub>EXT</sub>			
V <sub>CC</sub>	C <sub>L</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> [1]	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>
0.8 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 kΩ or 1 MΩ	open	GND	2 × V <sub>CC</sub>

[1] For measuring enable and disable times R<sub>L</sub> = 5 kΩ, for measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width R<sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ.

## 13. Package outline

TSSOP5: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm

SOT353-1



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	e	e <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>E</sub>	L	L <sub>p</sub>	v	w	y	Z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1.1 0	0.1 0.8	1.0	0.15	0.30 0.15	0.25 0.08	2.25 1.85	1.35 1.15	0.65	1.3	2.25 2.0	0.425	0.46 0.21	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.60 0.15	7° 0°

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT353-1		MO-203	SC-88A			00-09-01 03-02-19

Fig 10. Package outline SOT353-1 (TSSOP5)

XSON6: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 x 1.45 x 0.5 mm

SOT886

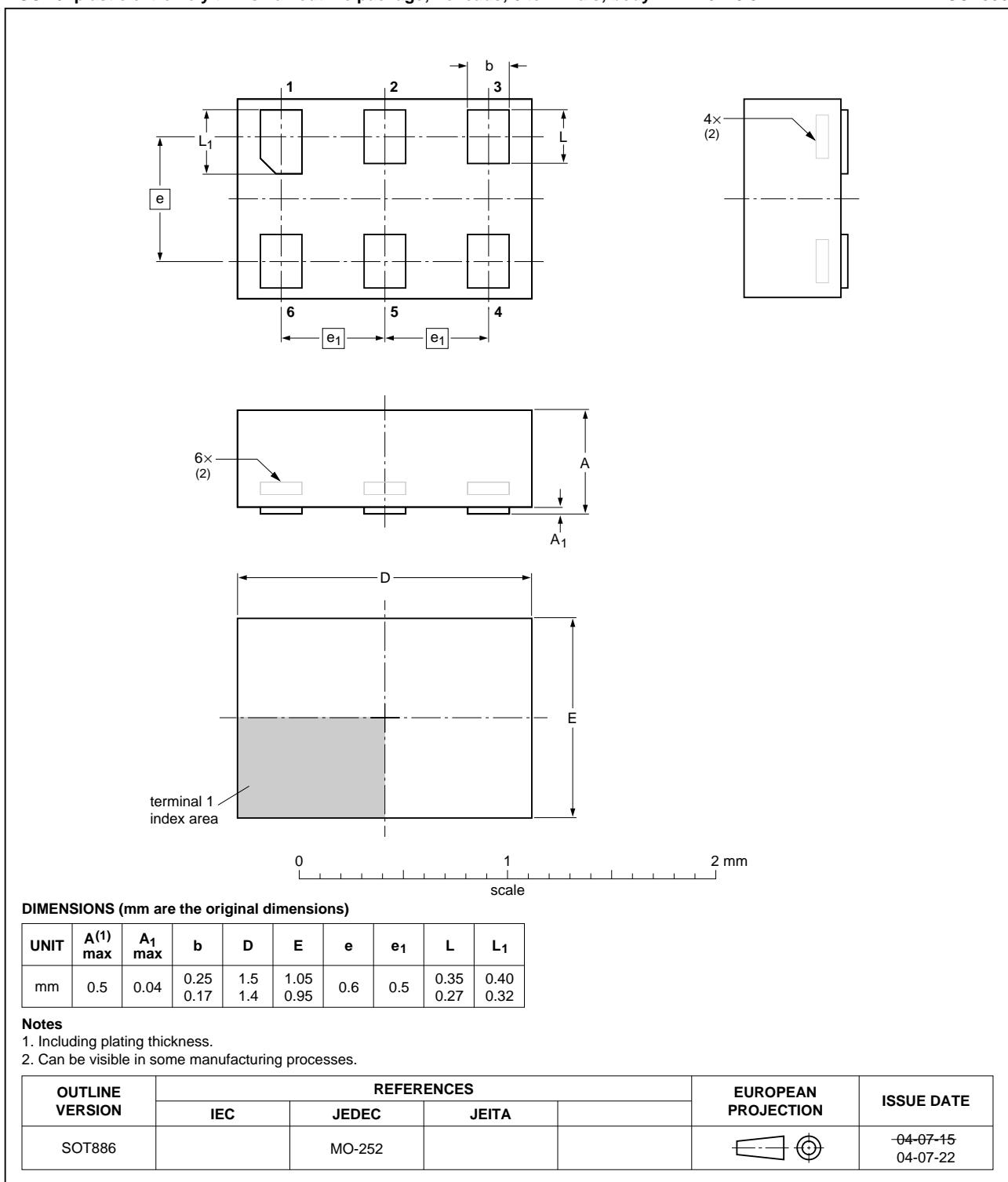
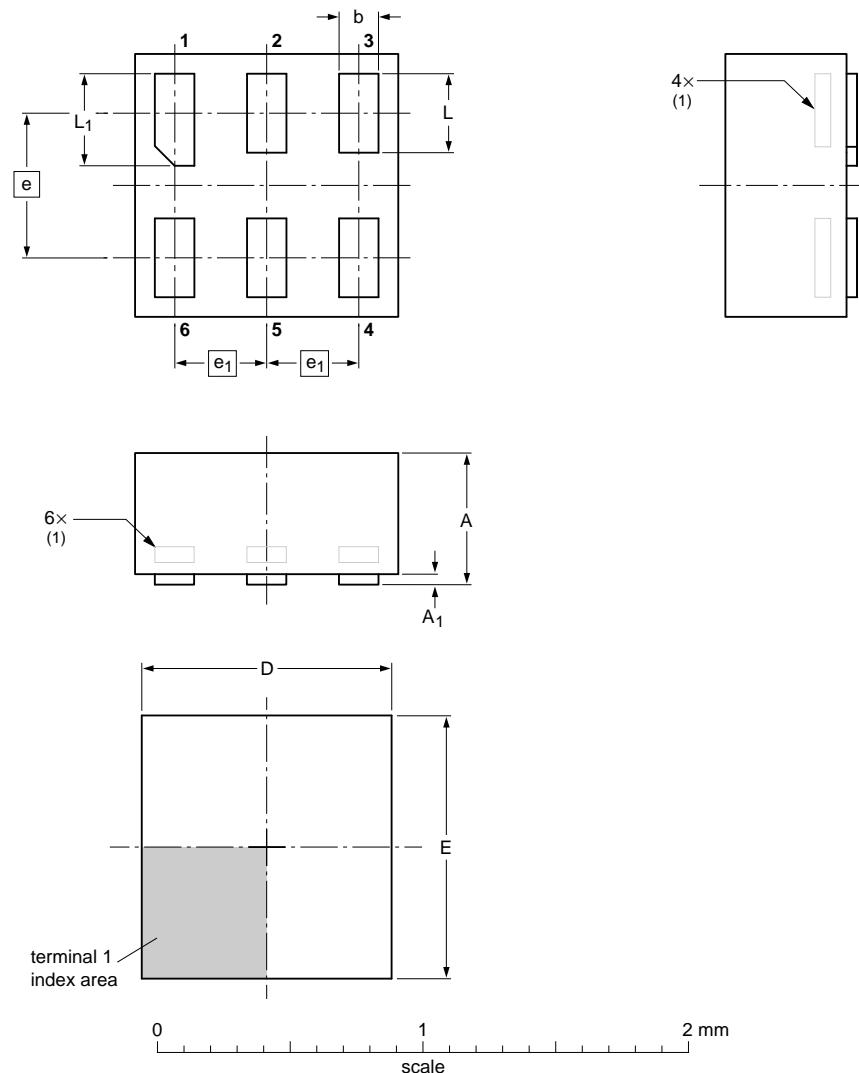


Fig 11. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

XSON6: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 x 1 x 0.5 mm

SOT891



## DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	$A_{max}$	$A_{1max}$	$b$	$D$	$E$	$e$	$e_1$	$L$	$L_1$
mm	0.5	0.04	0.20 0.12	1.05 0.95	1.05 0.95	0.55	0.35	0.35 0.27	0.40 0.32

## Note

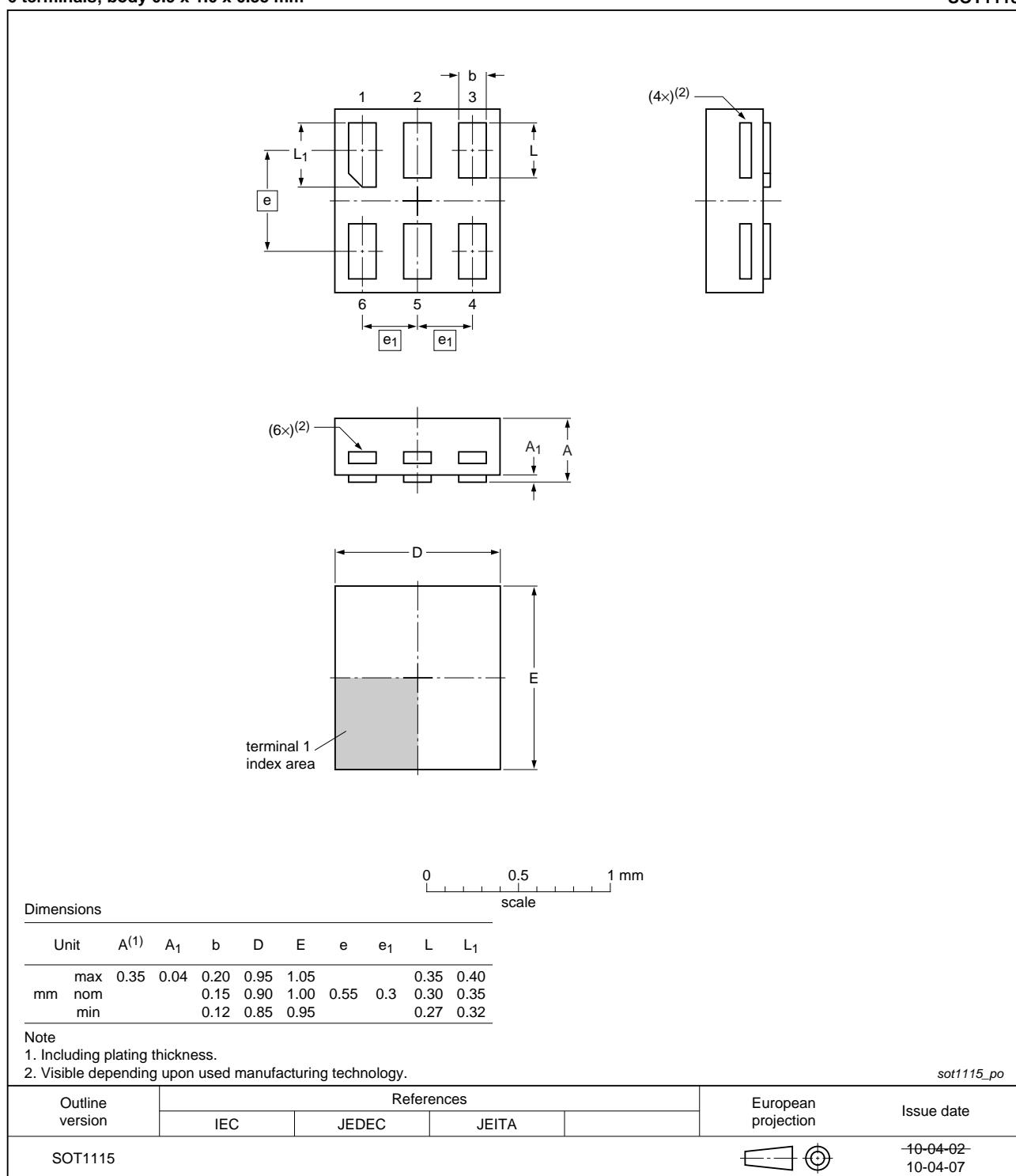
1. Can be visible in some manufacturing processes.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT891						05-04-06 07-05-15

Fig 12. Package outline SOT891 (XSON6)

**XSON6: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;  
6 terminals; body 0.9 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm**

SOT1115



**Fig 13. Package outline SOT1115 (XSON6)**

**XSON6: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;  
6 terminals; body 1.0 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm**

SOT1202

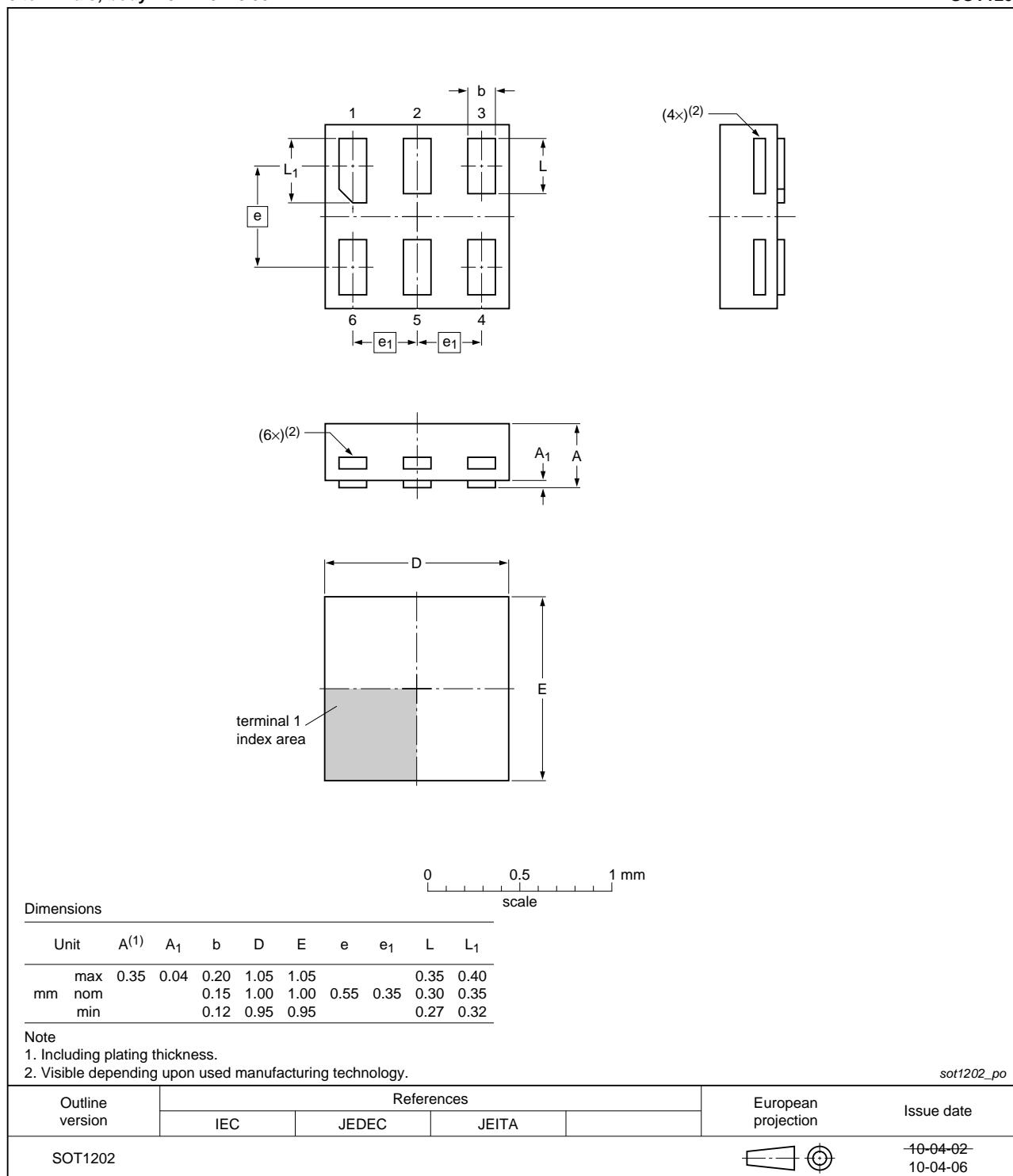


Fig 14. Package outline SOT1202 (XSON6)

## 14. Abbreviations

**Table 13. Abbreviations**

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

## 15. Revision history

**Table 14. Revision history**

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AUP1G126 v.4	20111124	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G126 v.3
Modifications:		• Legal pages updated.		
74AUP1G126 v.3	20100903	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G126 v.2
74AUP1G126 v.2	20060628	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G126 v.1
74AUP1G126 v.1	20050725	Product data sheet	-	-

## 16. Legal information

### 16.1 Data sheet status

Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nxp.com>.

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